



## Nottingham Roman Catholic Diocesan Education Service

### **Holy Rosary CATHOLIC VOLUNTARY ACADEMY** **POLICY FOR RELATIONSHIPS, SEX AND HEALTH EDUCATION, INCLUDING PERSONAL,** **SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC EDUCATION**

Our school mission is to:

**‘Grow Ambitious and Empowered individuals through  
an Exceptional Curriculum, Compassionate Support and Catholic Community.’**

**Our Vision is for pupils to have a  
‘Loving Heart and Strong Mind’**

In this policy the Governors and teachers, in partnership with pupils and their parents, set out their intentions about relationships, sex and health education (RSHE), which includes aspects of personal, social and emotional education (PSE). We set out our rationale for, and approach to relationships, sex and health education in the school with regard to our curriculum content and delivery, in consultation with;

- ☐ Parental (in the form of questionnaires and discussions)
- ☐ Discussions with teachers and other staff members
- ☐ Discussions with governors
- ☐ Careful monitoring of the children (in the form of discussion and assessment of work)

### **Implementation and Review of Policy**

This policy has been reviewed to ensure compliance with current statutory guidance, including:

- ☐ Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019
- ☐ Department for Education statutory guidance *Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education* (latest version in force)
- ☐ Keeping Children Safe in Education (current edition)
- ☐ The Equality Act 2010

This policy will be reviewed annually to ensure continued compliance with statutory requirements and safeguarding updates.

Approved by Governing Body: September 2026

### **Dissemination**

The draft policy will be given to all members of the Governing Body, and all teaching and non-teaching members of staff. Copies of the document will be available to all parents on the school's website and on paper on request. Details of the content of the RSHE including additional PSHE elements such as the Money Matters curriculum, will be shared with parents/carers at necessary intervals throughout their children's primary journey.

### **DEFINING RELATIONSHIPS, SEX AND HEALTH EDUCATION**

The DfE guidance states that “children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way”<sup>1</sup>. It is about the development of the pupil's knowledge and understanding of her or him as a sexual being, about what it means to be fully human, called to live in right relationships with self and others and being enabled to make moral decisions in conscience. In primary schools the focus should be on “teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults.”<sup>2</sup> This would include the topics of families and the people of who care for me, caring friendships, respectful relationships, online relationships and being safe.

#### **STATUTORY CURRICULUM REQUIREMENTS**

We are legally required to teach those aspects of RSHE which are statutory parts of National Curriculum Science. However, the reasons for our inclusion of RSHE go further.

### **RATIONALE**

‘I HAVE COME THAT YOU MIGHT HAVE LIFE AND HAVE IT TO THE FULL’

(Jn.10.10)

We are involved in relationships and sex education precisely because of our Christian beliefs about God and about the human person. The belief in the unique dignity of the human person made in the image and likeness of God underpins the approach to all education in a Catholic school. Our approach to RSHE therefore is rooted in the Catholic Church's teaching of the human person and presented in a positive framework of Christian ideals.

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<sup>1</sup> Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSHE) and Health Education: Statutory guidance for governing bodies, proprietors, headteachers, principals, senior leadership teams, teachers Page 4

<sup>2</sup> Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSHE) and Health Education: Statutory guidance for governing bodies, proprietors, headteachers, principals, senior leadership teams, teachers Page 19

At the heart of the Christian life is the Trinity; Father, Son and Spirit in communion, united in loving relationship and embracing all people and all creation. As a consequence of the Christian belief that we are made in the image and likeness of God, gender and sexuality are seen as God's gift, reflect God's beauty, and share in the divine creativity. RSHE, therefore, will be placed firmly within the context of relationship as it is there that sexuality grows and develops.

Following the guidance of the Bishops of England and Wales and as advocated by the DFE (and the Welsh Assembly Government) RSHE will be firmly embedded in the PSHE framework as it is concerned with nurturing human wholeness and integral to the physical, spiritual, emotional, moral, social and intellectual development of pupils. It is centred on Christ's vision of being human as good news and will be positive and prudent, showing the potential for development, while enabling the dangers and risks involved to be understood and appreciated.

All RSHE will be in accordance with the Church's moral teaching. It will emphasise the central importance of marriage and the family whilst acknowledging that all pupils have a fundamental right to have their life respected whatever household they come from. It will also prepare pupils for life in modern Britain.

## **VALUES AND VIRTUES**

Our programme enshrines Catholic values relating to the importance of stable relationships, marriage and family life. It also promotes those virtues which are essential in responding to the God's call to love others with a proper respect for their dignity and the dignity of the human body. The following virtues will be explicitly explored and promoted: faithfulness, fruitfulness, chastity, integrity, prudence, mercy and compassion.

## **AIM OF RSHE AND THE MISSION STATEMENT**

Our Mission Statement commits us to the education of the whole child (spiritual, physical, intellectual, moral, social, cultural, emotional) and we believe that RSHE, together with other aspects of PSHE such as Money Matters, is an integral part of this education. Furthermore, our school aims state that we will endeavour to raise pupils' self-esteem, help them to grow in knowledge and understanding, recognise the value of all persons and develop caring and sensitive attitudes. It is in this context that we commit ourselves:

In partnership with parents, to provide children and young people with a "positive and prudent relationships, health and sexual education"<sup>3</sup> which is compatible with their physical, cognitive, psychological, and spiritual maturity, and rooted in a Catholic vision of education and the human person.

<sup>3</sup> *Gravissimum Educationis* 1

## Objectives

To develop the following **attitudes and virtues**:

- ☐ reverence for the gift of human sexuality and fertility;
- ☐ respect for the dignity of every human being – in their own person and in the person of others;
- ☐ joy in the goodness of the created world and their own bodily natures;
- ☐ responsibility for their own actions and a recognition of the impact of these on others;
- ☐ recognising and valuing their own sexual identity and that of others;
- ☐ celebrating the gift of life-long, self-giving love;
- ☐ recognising the importance of marriage and family life;
- ☐ fidelity in relationships.

To develop the following **personal and social skills**:

- ☐ making sound judgements and good choices which have integrity, and which are respectful of the individual's commitments;
- ☐ loving and being loved, and the ability to form friendships and loving, stable relationships free from exploitation, abuse and bullying;
- ☐ managing emotions within relationships, and when relationships break down, with confidence, sensitivity and dignity;
- ☐ managing conflict positively, recognising the value of difference;
- ☐ cultivating humility, mercy and compassion, learning to forgive and be forgiven;
- ☐ developing self-esteem and confidence, demonstrating self-respect and empathy for others;
- ☐ building resilience and the ability to resist unwanted pressures, recognising the influence and impact of the media, internet and peer groups and so developing the ability to assess pressures and respond appropriately;
- ☐ being patient, delaying gratification and learning to recognise the appropriate stages in the development of relationships, and how to love chastely;
- ☐ assessing risks and managing behaviours in order to minimise the risk to health and personal integrity.

### **To know and understand:**

- ☐ the Church's teaching on relationships and the nature and meaning of sexual love;
- ☐ the Church's teaching on marriage and the importance of marriage and family life;
- ☐ the centrality and importance of virtue in guiding human living and loving;
- ☐ the physical and psychological changes that accompany puberty;
- ☐ the facts about human reproduction, how love is expressed sexually and how sexual love plays an essential and sacred role in procreation;
- ☐ how to manage fertility in a way which is compatible with their stage of life, their own values and commitments, including an understanding of the difference between natural family planning and artificial contraception;
- ☐ how to keep themselves safe from sexually transmitted infections and how to avoid unintended pregnancy, including where to go for advice.

### **Outcomes**

#### **INCLUSION AND DIFFERENTIATED LEARNING**

We will ensure RSHE is sensitive to the different needs of individual pupils in respect to pupils' different abilities, levels of maturity and personal circumstances; for example, their own sexual orientation, faith or culture and is taught in a way that does not subject pupils to discrimination. Lessons will also help children to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber-bullying), use of prejudice-based language and how to respond and ask for help. (In looking at these questions, it is important to draw links to the school's inclusion policy).

#### **EQUALITIES OBLIGATIONS**

The governing body have wider responsibilities under the Equalities Act 2010 and will ensure that our school strives to do the best for all of the pupils, irrespective of disability, educational needs, race, nationality, ethnic or national origin, pregnancy, maternity, sex, gender identity, religion or sexual orientation or whether they are looked-after children.

The school recognises its duties under the Equality Act 2010, including the Public Sector Equality Duty, and will ensure that RSHE:

- ☐ Does not discriminate unlawfully
- ☐ Advances equality of opportunity
- ☐ Fosters good relations between those who share protected characteristics and those who do not

#### **BROAD CONTENT OF RSHE**

Three aspects of RSHE - attitudes and values, knowledge and understanding, and personal and social skills will be provided in three inter-related ways: the whole school / ethos dimension; a cross-curricular dimension and a specific relationships and sex curriculum.

Our RSHE programme adopts a spiral curriculum approach so that as the children go through the programme year-after-year, the learning will develop and grow, with each stage building on the last.

### **Module One: Created and Loved by God**

Module One: Created and Loved by God explores the individual. Rooted in the teaching that we are made in the image and likeness of God, it helps children to develop an understanding of the importance of valuing themselves as the basis for personal relationships.

In these sessions, we explore:

**Key Stage One** – that we are uniquely made by a loving God, that we have differences and similarities (including physical differences between boys and girls), key information about staying physically healthy, understanding feelings and emotions, including strong feelings such as anger, and the cycle of life from birth to old age.

**Lower Key Stage Two** – understanding differences, respecting our bodies, puberty and changing bodies (Year 4 only), strategies to support emotional wellbeing including practicing thankfulness, and the development of pupils understanding of life before birth.

**Upper Key Stage Two** – appreciation of physical and emotional differences, a more complex understanding of physical changes in girl and boys bodies, body image, strong emotional feelings, the impact of the internet and social media on emotional well-being, a more nuanced and scientific understanding of menstruation, how babies are made and life in the womb.

### **Module Two: Created to Love Others**

Module Two: Created to Love Others explores the individual's relationship with others. Building on the understanding that we have been created out of love and for love, this unit explores how we take this calling into our family, friendships and relationships, and teaches strategies for developing healthy relationships and keeping safe.

This religious understanding is then applied to real-world situations relevant to the age and stage of the children:

Pupils will be taught, in an age-appropriate manner, the meaning of consent, including:

- ☐ That consent means permission must be freely given
- ☐ That consent can be withdrawn

- ☐ That silence does not equal consent
- ☐ The importance of respecting personal boundaries

This teaching will be framed within Catholic moral teaching and safeguarding principles.

**Key Stage One** – In the Unit ‘Personal Relationships’, children are taught to identify the Special People in their lives who they love and can trust, how to cope with various social situations and dilemmas, and the importance of saying sorry and forgiveness within relationships. In the Unit ‘Keeping Safe’, we explore the risks of being online by incorporating the ‘Smartie the Penguin’ resources from Childnet, the difference between good and bad secrets, and teaching on physical boundaries (incorporating the PANTS resource the NSPCC).

**Lower Key Stage Two** – The sessions here help children to develop a more complex appreciation of different family structures and there are activities and strategies to help them develop healthy relationships with family and friends; here, they are also taught simplified Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) techniques for managing thoughts, feelings and actions.

**Upper Key Stage Two** – The sessions for UKS2 in the ‘Personal Relationships’ module aim to equip children with strategies for more complex experiences of relationships and conflict; this includes sessions that help children to identify and understand how to respond to spoken and unspoken pressure, the concept of consent and some practical demonstrations of this, and further teaching on how our thoughts and feelings have an impact on how we act.

### **Module Three: Created to Live in Community**

Finally, Module Three: Created to Live in Community explores the individual’s relationship with the wider world. Here we explore how human beings are relational by nature and are called to love others in the wider community through service, through dialogue and through working for the Common Good.

In the first Unit, Religious Understanding, the story sessions help children to develop a concept of the Trinity.

In subsequent sessions, we apply this religious understanding to real-world situations, such as the community we live in, and through exploring the work of charities which work for the Common Good.

Teaching strategies will include:

- ☐ establishing ground rules
- ☐ distancing techniques
- ☐ discussion
- ☐ project learning

- ☐ reflection
- ☐ experiential
- ☐ active
- ☐ brainstorming
- ☐ film & video
- ☐ group work
- ☐ role-play
- ☐ trigger drawings
- ☐ values clarification

## ASSESSMENT FOR RSHE AND PSHE

Our RSHE and PSHE curriculums use a variety of assessments methods. Lessons content are carefully selected with close consideration of the ability, maturity and needs of each cohort. Staff carefully monitor progress through the use of the assessment activities at the beginning and end of each unit, discussion and peer monitoring. All of which will take place when appropriate. Children in Key Stages 1 & 2 have an RSHe 'Listening Book, where individual work is kept. Class/group activities are photographed and put on class dojo, again, only when appropriate.

## PARENTS AND CARERS

We recognise that parents (and other carers who stand in their place) are the primary educators of their children. As a Catholic school, we provide the principal means by which the Church assists parents and carers in educating their children. Therefore the school will support parents and carers by providing material to be shared with their children at home and workshops to help parents/carers to find out more. Parents/carers will be informed by letter when the more sensitive aspects of RSHE will be covered in order that they can be prepared to talk and answer questions about their children's learning.

Parents must be consulted before this policy is ratified by the governors. They will be consulted at every stage of the development of the RSHE programme, as well as during the process of monitoring, review and evaluation. They will be able to view the resources used by the school in the RSHE programme. Our aim is that, at the end of the consultation process, every parent and carer will have full confidence in the school's RSHE programme to meet their child's needs.

Parents continue to have ***the right to withdraw*** their children from Sex Education except in those elements which are required by the National Curriculum science orders. Should parents wish to withdraw their children they are asked to notify the school by contacting the headteacher.



The school will provide support by providing material for parents to help the children with their learning.

We believe that the controlled environment of the classroom is the safest place for this curriculum to be followed.

Please refer to the DfE guidance Page 17 for further details on the right to be excused from sex education (commonly referred to as the right to withdraw).

## **BALANCED CURRICULUM**

Whilst promoting Catholic values and virtues and teaching in accordance with Church teaching, we will ensure that pupils are offered a balanced programme by providing an RSHE programme that offers a range of viewpoints on issues. Pupils will also receive clear scientific information as well as covering the aspects of the law pertaining to RSHE. Knowing about facts and enabling young people to explore differing viewpoints is not the same as promoting behaviour and is not incompatible with our school's promotion of Catholic teaching. We will ensure that pupils have access to the learning they need to stay safe, healthy and understand their rights as individuals.

## **Inclusive Teaching of Families and Relationships**

In line with statutory guidance, pupils will be taught about different types of families and stable, loving relationships, including families with:

- ☐ Married parents
- ☐ Single parents
- ☐ Adoptive parents
- ☐ Grandparents as primary carers
- ☐ Same-sex parents

Teaching will be age-appropriate and sensitive to the Catholic ethos of the school, while ensuring that all pupils understand that families may look different and that all people deserve respect and dignity.

The school will not promote any particular lifestyle but will ensure that no pupil feels excluded or stigmatised.

## **RESPONSIBILITY FOR TEACHING THE PROGRAMME**

Overall responsibility for the specific relationships and sex education programme lays with the headteacher, with the help of those responsible for overseeing science, religious education, physical education, RSHE and PSHE.

However, all staff will be involved in developing the attitudes and values aspect of the RSHE programme. This involves discussion with the headteacher and RSHE, including PSHE lead. The curriculum has been and will continue to be adapted according to the needs, ability and maturity of the children in the respective cohorts. Staff will be role models for pupils of good, healthy, wholesome relationships as between staff, other adults and pupils. They will also be contributing to the development of pupils' personal and social skills.

### **External Visitors**

Our school may call upon help and guidance from outside agencies and health specialists to deliver aspects of RSHE where necessary. These visits will always complement the current programme and never substitute or replace teacher led sessions.

It is important that any external visitor is clear about their role and responsibility whilst they are in school delivering a session. Any visitor must adhere to our code of practice developed in line with CES guidance 'Checklist for External Speakers to Schools'<sup>4</sup>.

Health professionals should follow the school's policies, minimising the potential for disclosures or inappropriate comments using negotiated ground rules and distancing techniques as other teachers would. They will ensure that all teaching is rooted in Catholic principles and practice.

## **OTHER ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES REGARDING RSHE**

### **Governors will;**

- ☐ in consultation with parents and teachers; oversee the RSHE policy,
- ☐ ensure that the policy is available to parents;
- ☐ ensure that the policy is in accordance with other whole school policies, e.g., SEN, the ethos of the school and our Christian beliefs;
- ☐ ensure that parents know of their right to withdraw their children;
- ☐ establish a link governor to share in the monitoring and evaluation of the programme, including resources used;
- ☐ ensure that the policy provides proper and adequate coverage of relevant National Curriculum science topics and the setting of RSHE within PSHE.

### **Headteacher**

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<sup>4</sup> CES Checklist for External Speakers to Schools, 2016

The Headteacher takes overall delegated responsibility for the implementation of this policy and for liaison with the Governing Body, parents, the Diocesan Schools' Service and the Local Education Authority, also appropriate agencies.

### **PSHE/RSHE Co-Ordinator**

The co-ordinator with the headteacher has a general responsibility for supporting other members of staff in the implementation of this policy and will provide a lead in the dissemination of the information relating to RSHE and the provision of in-service training.

### **All Staff**

RSHE, including PSHE is a whole school issue. All teachers have a responsibility of care; as well as fostering academic progress they should actively contribute to the guardianship and guidance of the physical, moral and spiritual well-being of their pupils. Teachers will be expected to teach RSHE and PSHE in accordance with the Catholic Ethos of the school. Appropriate training will be made available for all staff teaching RSHE. All staff have been included in the development of this policy and all staff should be aware of the policy and how it relates to them.

### **RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER POLICIES AND CURRICULUM SUBJECTS**

This RSHE policy is to be delivered as part of the PSHE framework. It includes guidelines about pupil safety and is compatible with the school's other policy documents (for example, Bullying policy, Safeguarding Policy etc)

Pupils with particular difficulties whether of a physical or intellectual nature will receive appropriately differentiated support in order to enable them to achieve mature knowledge, understanding and skills. Teaching methods will be adapted to meet the varying needs of this group of pupils.

This RSHE policy operates in full accordance with the school's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and the most recent edition of *Keeping Children Safe in Education*.

RSHE plays a vital preventative role in safeguarding by equipping pupils with the knowledge and skills to:

- ☐ Recognise healthy and unhealthy relationships
- ☐ Understand appropriate and inappropriate behaviour
- ☐ Recognise peer-on-peer abuse, including sexual harassment and sexual violence (age-appropriate)
- ☐ Understand the concept of consent
- ☐ Recognise coercion, exploitation and online manipulation
- ☐ Know how and where to report concerns

All staff understand that RSHE may lead to disclosures. Any safeguarding concerns will be dealt with in line with statutory safeguarding procedures.

## **CHILDREN'S QUESTIONS**

The governors want to promote a healthy, positive atmosphere in which RSHE and PSHE can take place. They want to ensure that pupils can ask questions freely, be confident that their questions will be answered, and be sure that they will be free from bullying or harassment from other children and young people.

### **Controversial or Sensitive issues**

There will always be sensitive or controversial issues in the field of PSHE, particularly with regard to RSHE. These may be matter of maturity, of personal involvement or experience of children, of disagreement with the official teaching of the Church, of illegal activity or other doubtful, dubious or harmful activity. The governors believe that children are best educated, protected from harm and exploitation by discussing such issues openly within the context of the RSHE programme. The use of ground rules, negotiated between teachers and pupils, will help to create a supportive climate for discussion.

Some questions may raise issues which it would not be appropriate for teachers to answer during ordinary class time, e.g., where a child or young person's questions hints at abuse, is deliberately tendentious or is of a personal nature.

## **SUPPORTING CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE WHO ARE AT RISK**

Children will also need to feel safe and secure in the environment in which RSHE and PSHE take place. Effective teaching will provide opportunities for discussion of what is and is not appropriate in relationships. Such discussion may well lead to disclosure of a safeguarding issue. Teachers will need to be aware of the needs of their pupils and not let any fears and worries go unnoticed. Where a teacher suspects that a child or young person is a victim of or is at risk of abuse they are required to follow the school's safeguarding policy and immediately inform the designated senior member of staff responsible.

### **Health education overview**

The focus at primary level is teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing.

### **Mental wellbeing**

By the end of primary school pupils will know:

- ☐ That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.
- ☐ That there is a normal range of emotions, e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise and nervousness.

- ☐ The scale of emotions that humans experience in response to different experiences and situations.
- ☐ How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.
- ☐ How to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.
- ☐ The benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, and voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.
- ☐ Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family, and the benefits of hobbies and interests.
- ☐ How isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important they discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.
- ☐ That bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.
- ☐ Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), extending to who in school they should speak to if they are worried about themselves or others.
- ☐ That it is common to experience mental ill health and, for the many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.

## **Internet safety and harms**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- ☐ That for most people, the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.
- ☐ About the benefits of rationing time spent online.
- ☐ The risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices.
- ☐ The impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
- ☐ How to consider the effect of their online actions on others.
- ☐ How to recognise and display respectful behaviour online.
- ☐ The importance of keeping personal information private.
- ☐ Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age-restricted.
- ☐ That the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.
- ☐ How to be a discerning consumer of information online, including understanding that information (inclusive of that from search engines) is ranked, selected and targeted.
- ☐ Where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.

By the end of primary school, pupils will also know:

- ☐ That it is illegal to create, share or request sexual images of children
- ☐ That online relationships may pose risks including grooming and exploitation
- ☐ How to respond safely to inappropriate online contact
- ☐ That sexual harassment, including unwanted comments or physical contact, is unacceptable
- ☐ How to report concerns both in school and using trusted reporting systems

Teaching will be delivered in an age-appropriate way and will reinforce the school's safeguarding procedures.

### **Physical health and fitness**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- ☐ The characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.
- ☐ The importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this, for example by walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile, or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.
- ☐ The risks associated with an inactive lifestyle, including obesity.
- ☐ How and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

### **Healthy eating**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- ☐ What constitutes a healthy diet, including an understanding of calories and other nutritional content.
- ☐ The principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.
- ☐ The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating, including obesity, and other behaviours, e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health.

### **Drugs alcohol and tobacco**

- ☐ By the end of primary school, pupils will know:
- ☐ The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.

### **Health and prevention**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- ☐ How to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss or unexplained changes to the body.
- ☐ About safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.
- ☐ The importance of sufficient good-quality sleep for good health, and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.
- ☐ About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.
- ☐ About personal hygiene and germs including bacteria and viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of hand washing.
- ☐ The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.

### **Basic first aid**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- ☐ How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.
- ☐ Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.

### **Changing adolescent body**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- ☐ Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.
- ☐ About menstrual wellbeing and key facts relating to the menstrual cycle.

### **Health education per year group**

The school will determine, within the statutory curriculum content outlined above, what pupils are taught during each year group, as part of our PSHE curriculum.

The school always considers the age and development of pupils when deciding what will be taught in each year group.

The school plans a progressive curriculum, such that topics are built upon prior knowledge taught in previous years as they progress through school to provide a smooth transition to secondary school.

The above health education content will be taught through discrete RSHE and PSHE lessons, based on the Catholic Ten Ten Programme and additional PSHE content planned and adapted for pupils each year. Each RSHE topic is taught on a 2 year cycle, building on previous knowledge.

### **CONFIDENTIALITY AND ADVICE**

All governors, all teachers, all support staff, all parents and all pupils must be made aware of this policy, particularly as it relates to issues of advice and confidentiality.

All lessons, especially those in the RSHE programme, will have the best interests of pupils at heart, enabling them to grow in knowledge and understanding of relationships and sex, developing appropriate personal and social skills and becoming appreciative of the values and attitudes which underpin the Christian understanding of what it means to be fully human.

Pupils will be encouraged to talk to their parents/carers about the issues which are discussed in the programme. Teachers will always endeavor to help pupils facing personal difficulties, as and when appropriate. Teachers should explain to pupils that they cannot offer unconditional confidentiality, in matters which are illegal or abusive for instance. Teachers will explain that in such circumstances they would have to inform others, e.g., parents, headteacher, but that the pupils would always be informed first that such action was going to be taken.

### **MONITORING AND EVALUATION**

The RSHE/PSHE Co-ordinator and Governing Body will monitor implementation through:

- ☐ Curriculum audits
- ☐ Lesson observations
- ☐ Pupil voice activities
- ☐ Book scrutiny
- ☐ Staff feedback
- ☐ Parental consultation

The impact of RSHE will be evaluated against statutory outcomes to ensure pupils:

- ☐ Know how to stay safe
- ☐ Understand healthy relationships
- ☐ Can identify trusted adults
- ☐ Demonstrate respectful attitudes

Governors retain strategic oversight and will receive annual reports on compliance and impact.