



Holy Rosary

RED: OTHER FAITHS OVERVIEW

Advent 1: Judaism					
Age group	Theme	Topic	Understand	Discern (learning outcomes)	Respect
EYFS	Special days/ritual objects	Hannukah (Chanukah: The Feast of Lights)	There are special days.	Hannukah is the story of the oil lamp in the temple.	God cares for His people.
Year 1	Stories	Abraham and Moses	We all have stories.	Abraham and Moses: leaders of the Jewish people	How God led the Jewish people.
Year 2	Prayer/home	Shabbat	Families gather.	Shabbat	Shabbat is the day of rest; it is the Lord's day.
Year 3	Places for worship	The synagogue	There are special places.	The synagogue	The importance of the synagogue
Year 4	Holy books	The Torah	Books are important.	The Torah	The importance of the Torah
Year 5	Beliefs and festivals	Pesach	There are times for remembering.	Pesach	God cares for his people.
Year 6	Belonging and values	Yom Kippur	Making a new start.	Yom Kippur	The value of atonement
vocabulary					
Abraham	Prophet: considered the "father of faith" for Abrahamic religions of Christianity, Judaism and Islam.				
atonement	The return to a state of love and harmony between God and human beings through reflection and self-awareness.				
Hannukah	"Chanukah" is the Jewish festival of lights.				
Pesach	Passover. Festival remembering the exodus of the Israelites from Egypt.				
Rosh Hashanah	Jewish New Year. Marks the beginning of 10 days of prayers and observance.				
shabbat	Jewish day of rest. From sundown on Friday to sunset on Saturday.				
synagogue	Place of worship				
Torah	Law of God revealed to Moses; 1 st 5 books of the Hebrew holy text				
Yom Kippur	Day of Atonement; most sacred and solemn day in the Jewish calendar. Jews ask God's forgiveness for their sins.				

Advent 2: Hinduism

Age group	Theme	Topic	Understand	Discern (learning outcomes)	Respect
EYFS	Special days/ritual objects	Diwali	There are special days.	Diwali	Diwali is important for Hindu people
Year 1	Stories	Kirshna and Ganesh Raksha Bandan	We all have stories.	Krishna Ganesh Raksha Bandan	Shared stories bring people together
Year 2	Prayer/home	Prayer at home Puja	Families gather.	Puja	Prayer is part of Hindu life
Year 3	Places for worship	The Mandir	There are special places.	The Mandir	How Hindu people worship
Year 4	Holy books	Vedas and Bhagavad Gita	Books are important.	Vedas and Bhagavad Gita	Sacred writings guide people's lives
Year 5	Beliefs and festivals	Braham	What is important?	Hindus believe in on God; pilgrimage	Respect for the beliefs of Hindus
Year 6	Belonging and values	Karma	Rules for life	Karma and Dharma	Hindus care for creation
vocabulary					
Bhagavad Gita	song of God				
Dharma	Duties Hindus should follow in their lives.				
Diwali	Festival of lights celebrated over 5 days. Most important festival of the year. Lights symbolise protection from spiritual darkness.				
Ganesh	Elephant-headed god; the remover of obstacles				
Karma	Belief that the actions or intent of an individual will determine his or her future; the spiritual principle of cause and effect.				
Krishna	God of compassion and love				
Mandir	Hindu place of worship				
puja	A loving offering of light, flowers and water or food to the divine; an essential ritual of Hinduism				
Raksha Bandan	Annual festival celebrating the love between brothers and sisters.				
Vedas	Collection of hymns				

Lent 1: Islam

Age group	Topic and theme	Understand (lesson 1)	Discern (lesson 2)	Big Question
EYFS	Special days/ritual objects: Prayer mats	Muslims use prayer matts (khumra) and their holy book is the Qu’ran. In religion, there are special objects.	Story: ‘Who is Allah?’ & ‘The Hungry Caterpillar’s Eid’	Why do Muslims pray on a khumra?
Year 1	Stories: The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)	Muhammad (PBUH) is an important prophet and the founder of Islam.	Story: Muhammad and the Kind Old Woman	Why is Muhammad important for Muslims?
Year 2	Prayer & home	Families gather to pray. Muslims pray 5 times a day. Eid?	Story: Luqman Teaches His Son to Pray	Why is prayer important?
Year 3	Places for worship: The mosque	The Mosque is an important, holy place for worship in Islam. Friday is a special day for prayer.	Story:	How do Muslims worship?
Year 4	Holy books: The Qu’ran	The Qu’ran and the 99 beautiful names of God	Story: The Night of Power (Laylat al-Qadr)	Why are book important?
Year 5	Beliefs and festivals: Ramadan & pilgrimage	Ramadan, Hajj	Story: The Story of Ibrahim, Hajar & Isma’il (Foundations of Hajj)	Why is fasting and pilgrimage important?
Year 6	Belonging and values: Guidance for Muslims	The Five Pillars These provide Muslims with guidance for life	Story: The Night Journey and Ascension (Al-Isra and Al-Mi’raj)	How can we seek guidance in life? Why is this important?
vocabulary				
Five Pillars	Shahada (faith); Salah (prayer); Zakat (almsgiving); Sawm (fasting); Hajj (pilgrimage to Mecca)			
Eid-ul-Fitr	1 st main Islamic festival. Marks the end of Ramadan.			
Eid-ul-Adha	2 nd main Islamic festival. It honours Ibrahim’s sacrifice of his son Ismail as an act of obedience to God.			
Mosque	Muslim place of worship			
Masjid	Correct name for Mosque			
Muhammad	Important prophet			
Qu’ran	Muslim’s holy book			
Ramadan	Muslim holy month of fasting.			

Pentecost 1: Sikhism

Age group	Theme	Topic	Understand	Discern (learning outcomes)	Respect
EYFS	Special people/ritual objects	Recognising Sikh beliefs	There are special places, stories and books.	Retell the story of Guru Nanak.	Why is sharing important?
Year 1	Places for worship	Gurdwara	There are special places for prayer.	Guru Nanak	Guru Narak was a wise teacher.
Year 2	Holy books	Guru Granth Sahib	Books are important.	Guru Granth Sahib and the 10 gurus	Gurus guide and teach Sikhs.
Year 3	Beliefs and practices	The 5 Ks	There are 5 core beliefs and practices in Sikhism.	The Khalsa. One God.	The Khalsa shows Sikh's commitment.
Year 4	Beliefs and festivals	Baisakhi, the Khalsa, Mool Mantar	Belonging to a group	Love, mercy and respect for all.	Protect & defend the weak and vulnerable.
Year 5	Beliefs and values	Understanding Seva	Self-sacrifice and service	The Seva and Langar are ways that Sikhs serve their community and express their faith.	Service should be done without expectation.
Year 6	Belonging and values	Understanding Amritsar	Belonging and responsibility	Commitment to service, Sewa, 5 ks	Sikhs' concern for others.
vocabulary					
Amritsar	City in the Indian Punjab; home of the Harmandir Sahib (Golden Temple)				
Vaisakhi / Baisakhi	Spring festival celebrating 1699 when Sikhism was born; one of the most important dates in the Sikh calendar.				
gurdwara	Sikh place of worship				
Guru Granth Sahib	Holy text of Sikhism				
Guru Narak	Indian teacher, mystic and poet; the founder of Sikhism.				
guru	Intellectual and spiritual teacher				
langar	Communal meal shared by all who go to the gurdwara.				
Mool Mantar	The core statement of Sikhism summarizing its main beliefs. It is the opening verse of the Guru Granth Sahib, the Sikh holy scripture.				
Sewa	'selfless service'; helping other without any reward or personal gain.				
the Khalsa	Casteless group of Sikhs who adhere to the 5 Ks.				
The Five Ks	1. kesh (uncut hair) 2. kara (steel bracelet) 3. kangha (comb) 4. kirpan (sword) 5. kachchera (military undergarments)				